

provides illumination of the ear canal for observation by using an AC- or battery-powered light source and an optical magnifying system.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter only when used in the external ear canal.

[55 FR 48440, Nov. 20, 1990, as amended at 61 FR 1122, Jan. 16, 1996]

## Subpart F—Therapeutic Devices

### § 874.5220 Ear, nose, and throat drug administration device.

(a) *Identification.* An ear, nose, and throat drug administration device is one of a group of ear, nose, and throat devices intended specifically to administer medicinal substances to treat ear, nose, and throat disorders. These instruments include the powder blower, dropper, ear wick, manual nebulizer pump, and nasal inhaler.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of § 820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and § 820.198, with respect to complaint files.

[51 FR 40389, Nov. 6, 1986, as amended at 59 FR 63009, Dec. 7, 1994]

### § 874.5300 Ear, nose, and throat examination and treatment unit.

(a) *Identification.* An ear, nose, and throat examination and treatment unit is an AC-powered device intended to support a patient during an otologic examination while providing specialized features for examination and treatment. The unit consists of a patient chair and table, drawers for equipment, suction and blowing apparatus, and receptacles for connection of specialized lights and examining instruments.

(b) *Classification.* Class I.

[55 FR 48440, Nov. 20, 1990]

### § 874.5350 Suction antichoke device.

(a) *Identification.* A suction antichoke device is a device intended to be used in an emergency situation to remove, by the application of suction, foreign objects that obstruct a patient's airway to prevent asphyxiation to the patient.

(b) *Classification.* Class III.

(c) *Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required.* No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See § 874.3.

### § 874.5370 Tongs antichoke device.

(a) *Identification.* A tongs antichoke device is a device that is intended to be used in an emergency situation to grasp and remove foreign objects that obstruct a patient's airway to prevent asphyxiation of the patient. This generic type of device includes a plastic instrument with serrated ends that is inserted into the airway in a blind manner to grasp and extract foreign objects, and a stainless steel forceps with spoon ends that is inserted under tactile guidance to grasp and extract foreign objects from the airway.

(b) *Classification.* Class III.

(c) *Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required.* A No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See § 874.3.

### § 874.5550 Powered nasal irrigator.

(a) *Identification.* A powered nasal irrigator is an AC-powered device intended to wash the nasal cavity by means of a pressure-controlled pulsating stream of water. The device consists of a control unit and pump connected to a spray tube and nozzle.

(b) *Classification.* Class I.

[55 FR 48440, Nov. 20, 1990]

### § 874.5800 External nasal splint.

(a) *Identification.* An external nasal splint is a rigid or partially rigid device intended for use externally for immobilization of parts of the nose.